PERMANENT MISSION OF THE
ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF IRAN
TO THE UNITED NATIONS

نمایندگی دائم جمهوری اسلامی ایران
نزد سازمان ملل متحد

In the Name of God, the Most Compassionate, the Most Merciful

No. 3037241

10 September 2026

Excellency,

I am writing to you with reference to the Security Council meeting held today, 10 September 2026, under the agenda item "Non-Proliferation (10218th meeting)". The Islamic Republic of Iran categorically rejects the unfounded allegations and distortions leveled by certain members concerning its peaceful nuclear programme at this meeting, and wishes to place on record the following:

1. The meeting on the so-called work of the 1737 Committee is a blatant abuse of the Council's procedure and authority. Iran's position is clear, consistent, and firmly on the record, including in its official communications to the Secretary-General and the President of the Council. Resolution 2231 expired on 18 October 2025. As of that date, all nuclear-related provisions, measures, and restrictions were permanently terminated; the Security Council concluded its consideration of the Iranian nuclear issue, and the agenda item "Non-proliferation" was removed. Furthermore, the so-called "snapback" mechanism by the E3 was never triggered, as the E3 lacked the legal standing to invoke it, having failed to comply with their obligations under both the JCPOA and Security Council Resolution 2231.

2. The root causes of the current situation lie principally in the unlawful attacks by the United States and the Israeli regime against Iran's peaceful and safeguarded nuclear facilities. Over the past two years, while Iran was actively pursuing negotiations and diplomacy in good faith, the United States and the Israeli regime carried out unlawful attacks and criminal acts of aggression against Iran's civilian infrastructure, including its peaceful, safeguarded nuclear facilities. These attacks constitute acts of aggression and grave violations of the Charter of the United Nations and the peremptory prohibition under international law of the threat or use of force, as well as of relevant General Assembly and Security Council resolutions, and IAEA decisions and resolutions which affirm the fundamental principle that safeguarded nuclear facilities must not be targeted or attacked. By attacking safeguarded nuclear facilities and repeatedly threatening further attacks, the United States has seriously eroded confidence in the safeguards system, and undermined the non-proliferation regime.

3. The renewed allegations against Iran's peaceful nuclear program are political rather than technical. Iran has been a faithful NPT party since 1970. Iran has been subject to extensive IAEA monitoring for nearly 25 years. The IAEA has reported no diversion of nuclear material in Iran. This record must be assessed objectively. The IAEA must remain impartial,

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professional, independent and non-political. The failure to adequately address the unlawful attacks on Iran's safeguarded nuclear facilities, including in the recent Board of Governors resolution, raises serious concerns regarding institutional balance and credibility. Political pressure cannot substitute for an objective safeguards assessment.

4. The IAEA Board of Governors' non-consensus resolution adopted on 9 September 2026 is politically driven by the United States and E3, and fails to meet the requirements of objectivity and impartiality. Like previous resolutions, it is silent on the unlawful, criminal attacks by the United States and Israeli regime against Iran's safeguarded nuclear facilities.

5. Security Council meetings and procedures must not be exploited to promote politically motivated or unsubstantiated allegations against Member States, or to provide political cover for unlawful acts. Procedural action cannot, in itself, confer legitimacy on unsupported claims. The Presidency carries a particular responsibility in this regard. Iran therefore urges the Security Council to strictly adhere to the Charter of the United Nations and international law, and to reject cynical attempts by the United States and certain members to politicize or instrumentalize Council procedures, meetings, and mechanisms to advance their politically motivated narratives and claims.

I should be grateful if you would have the present letter circulated as an official document of the Security Council.

Please accept, Excellency, the assurances of my highest consideration.

Gholamhossein Darzi
Ambassador and Chargé d'Affaires

H.E. Mr. Jérôme Bonnafont
President of the Security Council
United Nations, New York